Trillion Sensor Technology

Engineering for the Public Good



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World-Class Engineering School

UC San Diego Jacobs School of Engineering



13th in the World for Engineering, Technology & Computer Science

Academic Ranking of World Universities, 2013

8th among U.S. best public engineering schools

U.S. News ranking of graduate schools, 2013

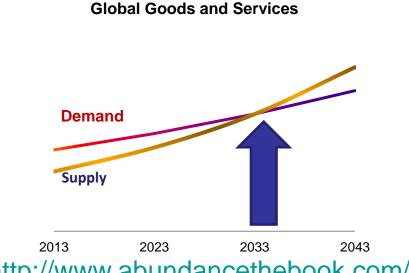
1st in the U.S. for biomedical engineering

National Research Council, 2010



Introduction to Abundance*

- Abundance* movement forecasts elimination in one generation (20 to 30 years) of major global problems:
 - Lack of food
 - Lack of medical care
 - Lack of clean water and air
 - Lack of energy



- * http://www.abundancethebook.com/
- Abundance forecasts the need for (among others) 45 trillion sensors, many not yet developed.
- Historical sensor development cycles from prototypes in academic labs to volume production were 30 years.
 - Left to historical cycles, slow new sensor commercialization would delay the arrival of Abundance.
- Trillion Sensors Movement encourages the <u>acceleration</u> of the new sensor development cycle. Jacobs | Engineering

Abundance* Enablers

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Exponential Technologies that Promise to Grow Into Large Markets Quickly

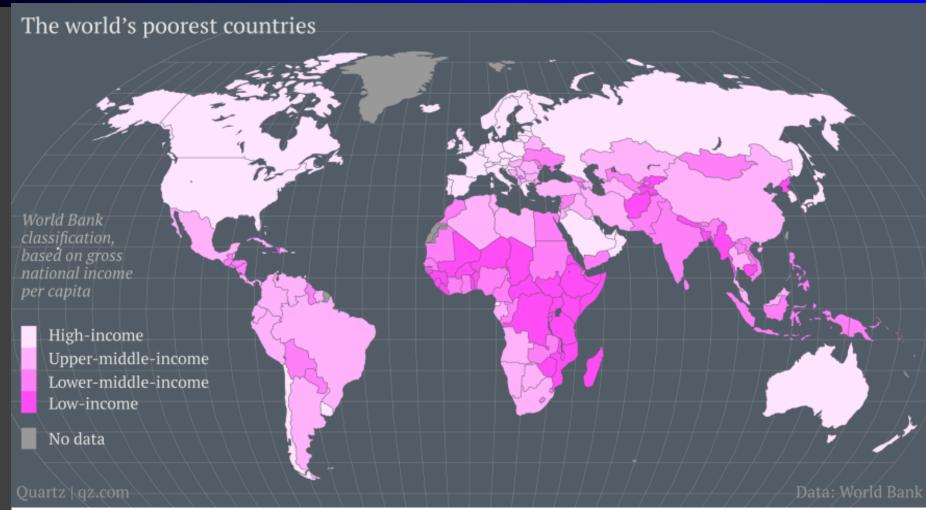
- Biotechnology and bioinformatics
- Medicine
- Nanomaterials and nanotechnology
- Networks and sensors
 (45 trillion networked sensors in 20 years).
- Digital manufacturing (3D printing) and infinite computing
- Computational systems
- Artificial intelligence
- Robotics



^{*} http://www.abundancethebook.com/

Bill Gates: No Poor Countries by 2035

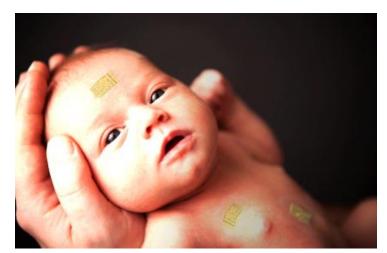
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http://qz.com/168341/bill-gates-predicts-there-will-be-almost-no-poor-countries-by-2035/



Engineering for the Public Good



Medical Advances



Transportation Safety



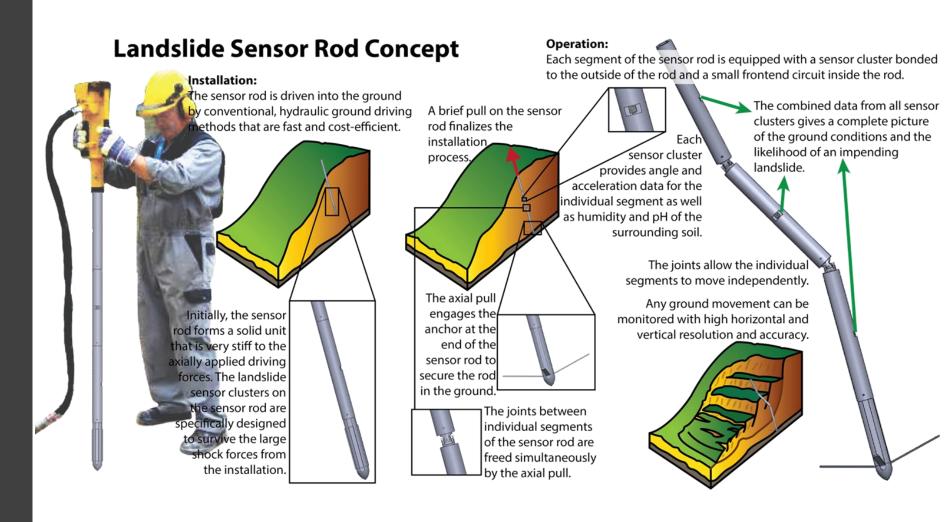
Sustainable Energy Technologies



Solutions for Developing World

UCSD | School of Jacobs | Engineering

Cluster Sensor Landslide Prediction

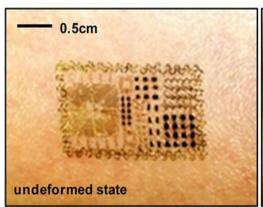


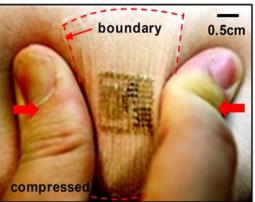


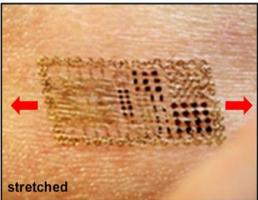
Epidermal Electronics: Just a Tattoo?

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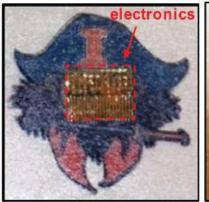
Todd P. Coleman, Ph.D. Department of Bioengineering















backside of tattoo

after transfer

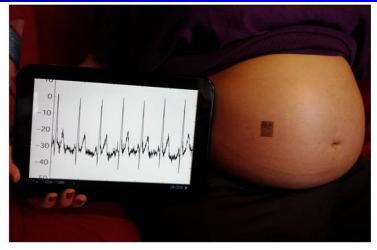
after integration onto skin -

after deformation



UCSD Center for Perinatal Health



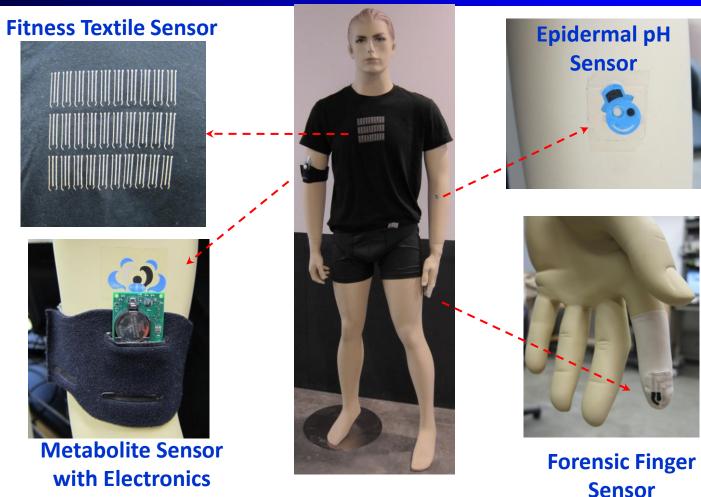






Whole Body Wearable Sensors

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Any-place All-day Non-Invasive Monitoring directly on the Skin or Textile:

Reduce health-care costs and enhancing the quality of life.

The Problem: Diabetes

- Type 1 requires blood sampling, insulin injection
- Type 2 is related to obesity, inactivity, lifestyle

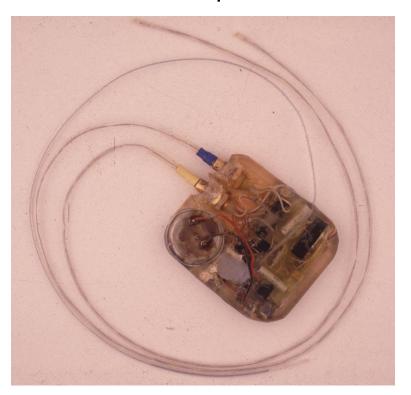
 initially treatable with pills, weight control and exercise
 - -requires blood sampling, may require insulin later
 - -exacerbates many other medical conditions
 - -growing at epidemic rates, especially among youth
- All treatments are related to blood glucose control
- US monetary costs: > \$140 Billion/year
- Tremendous wastage of human resources
- New therapies are clearly needed

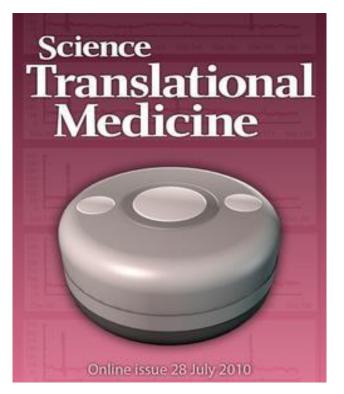


The Biosensors 2010

UC San Diego Jacobs School of Engineering

Dr. David Gough
Department of Bioengineering





(Reuters) - American bioengineers have demonstrated that an implanted glucose sensor with potential to transform the management of diabetes has passed a crucial test: the device they developed worked continuously in animals for over a year, without showing signs of "tissue encapsulation" seen in trials with other similar devices. 2010.



E4E Technology

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Land



Terrestrial Vehicle















Stingray Autonomous Underwater Vehicle



CoralCam



E4E Applications

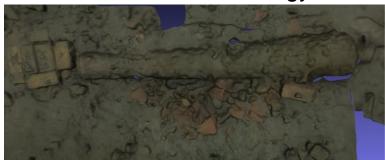
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Whale Shark Monitoring



Goal: Classify the worlds largest, yet illusive fish **Partner:** Hubbs SeaWorld Research Institute

Underwater Archeology



Goal: 3D reconstructions of underwater archeological sites **Partner:** Atlantic World Marine Archeology Research Institute

Habitat Restoration



Goal: Understand and track health of river valley **Partner:** San Dieguito River Valley Conservatory

Protecting Vaquita



Goal: Conservation of worlds most endangered cetacean **Partner:** San Dieguito River Valley Conservatory



CitiSense: Air Quality via the Crowd



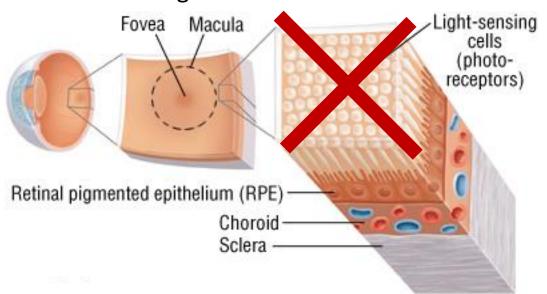
- Mobile personal sensing approach to regional air quality monitoring
- Machine learning latent-variable analysis interpolates between sensors & predicts future conditions
- Two month-long user deployments in San Diego region
- Other contributions
 - End-to-end Hardware/software system design
 - •Mobile power management
 - Interaction design for in-the-world sense-making
 - Observed new patterns of sense-making, behavior, attitudes, sharing



Retina Prosthesis –Vision Restoration

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Objective: To restore vision from irreparable rod and cone damage related to various forms of degenerative retinal disorders such as Macular Degeneration.





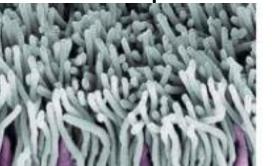
Our Solution: To restore vision from *implantation of photosensitive* semiconductor nanowires serving the functions of photoreceptors to stimulate neural responses of ganglion cells that transmit image signals to the brain through the optical nerve.



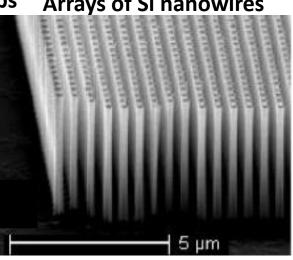
Implantable Nanowire Photoreceptors

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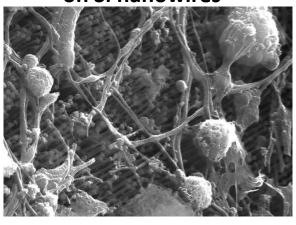
Human Photoreceptors in Combs



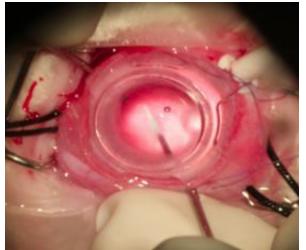
Arrays of Si nanowires

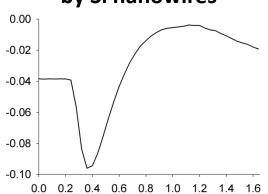


Human neurons on Si nanowires



Nanowire prosthesis in the eye_{Stimulated neural signal} by Si nanowires





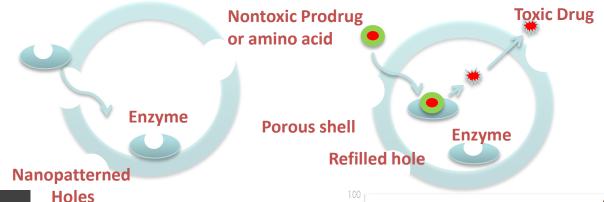


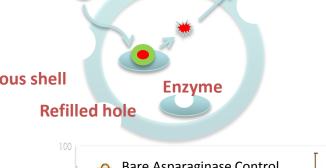
Syn Hollow Enzyme-Loaded nanoShell

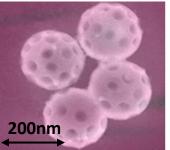
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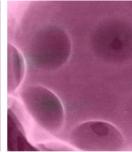
Inanc Ortac and Sadik Esener (NanoEngineering & MCC)

- Enzymes enable powerful therapies against cancer: they can revolutionize selectivity of chemotherapy or starve cancer by depleting tumor nutrients (Licensed to Devacell Inc.)
- However, most therapeutic enzymes are unstable and from non-human origin therefore immunogenic
- Dual porosity SHELS platform offers an engineered nanotechnology solution





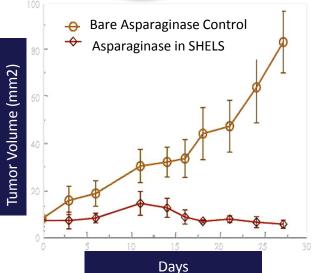




Fabricated SHELS

Engineered nano-teabag:

Encapsulated enzyme is larger than the nanopores but smaller than patterned holes. Pro-Drug, drug and amino acid molecules are small enough to pass through the porous shell and cleaved by the enzyme. Hole refilling chemistry does not affect enzyme function



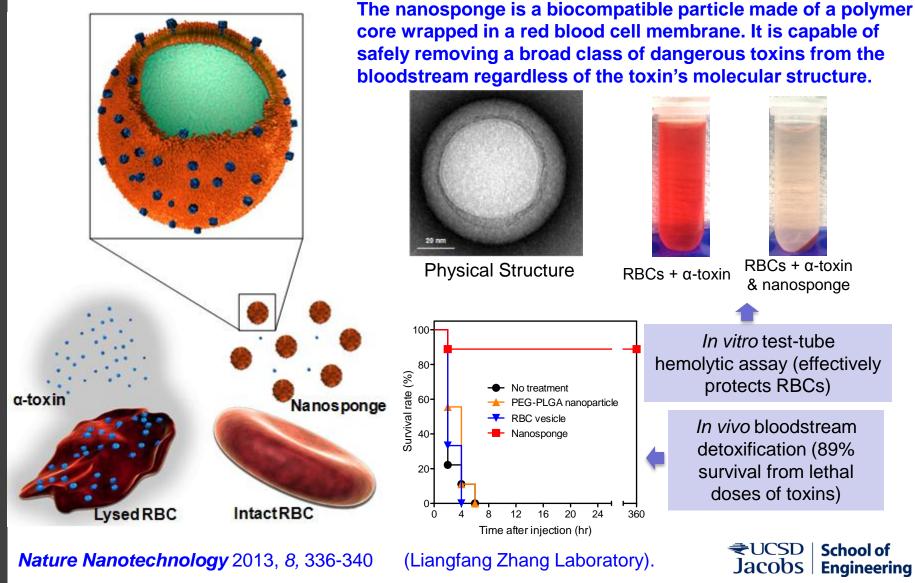
In Vivo Proof of concept:

Pancreatic tumor cannot grow when IM injected, asparaginase loaded **SHELS** distant from tumor depletes serum asparagine (Left).

Encapsulated asparaginase achieve systemic aminoacid depletion in the presence of neutralizing antibodies while bare enzyme completely fails

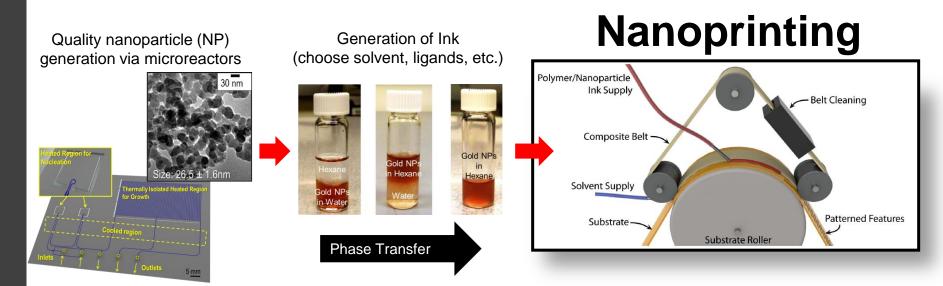


Toxin Nanosponge

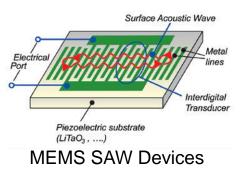


Printable Nanoelectronics

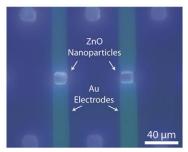
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Several Applications



UV Sensors

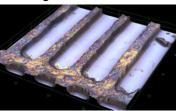


С.А. Au

100 µm

Biosensors

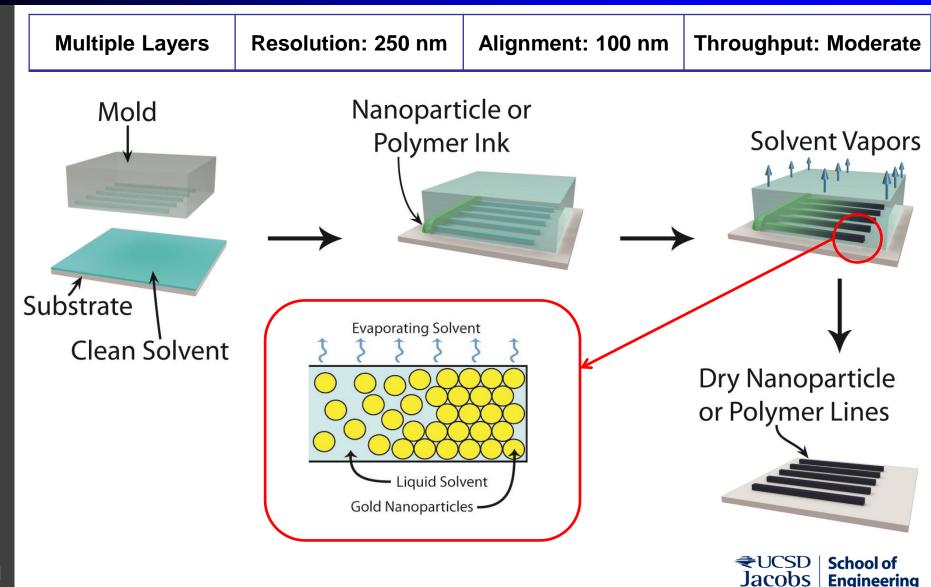
Organic Electronics



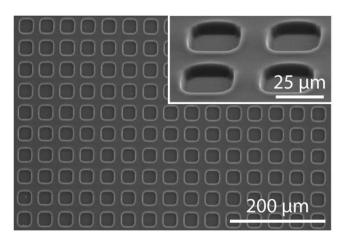
E. Erdem, et al., Small, 2013, in press M. Demko, et al., ACS Nano, 2012



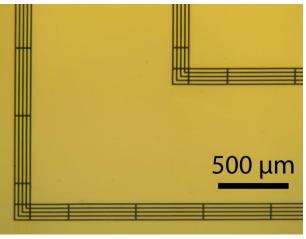
Next Wave: Advective Nanoprinting



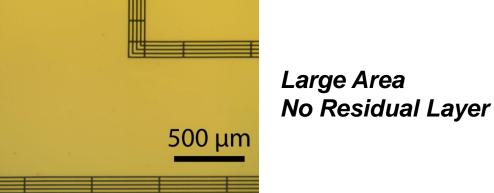
Key Advantages



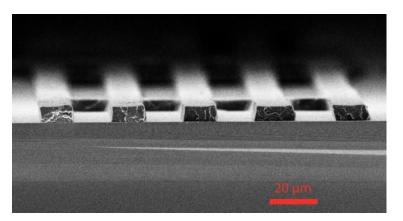
Cellulose Acetate on Polyimide



Gold Nanoparticles on Glass



With Each Print: High Aspect Ratio High Geometry Fidelity Tall Features in Single Shot

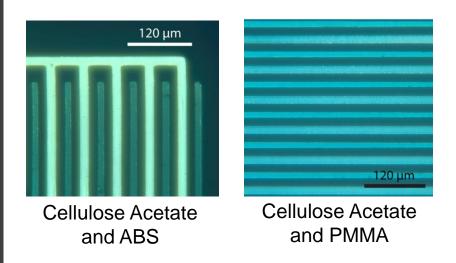


PMMA on Silicon



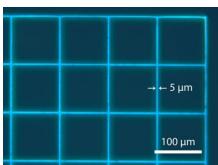
Additional Advantages

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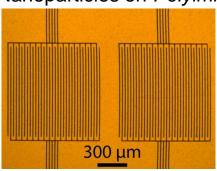


Multiple Materials
Printed Concurrently

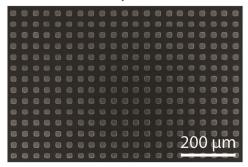
Chitosan on *Glass*



Gold Nanoparticles on *Polyimide*



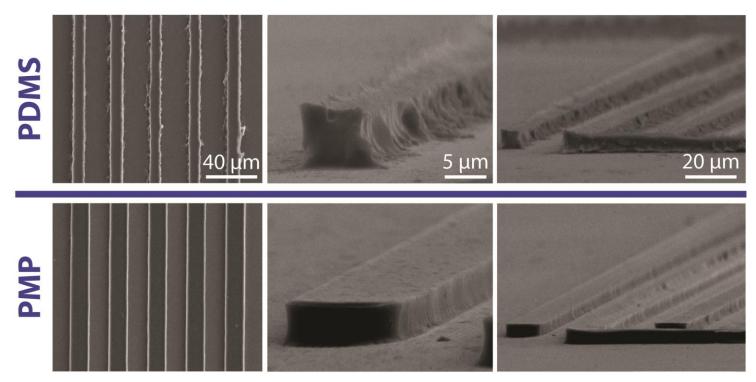
Zinc Oxide Nanoparticles on Silicon



Compatible with Large Number of Different Substrates

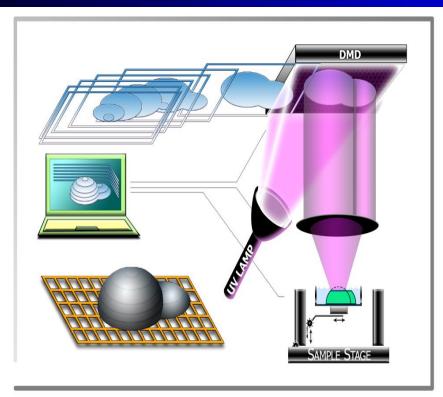


Benefits of Higher Local Rigidity

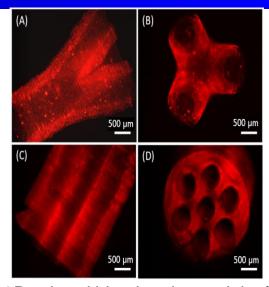


Micro-scale Patterns of Cellulose Acetate on Silicon

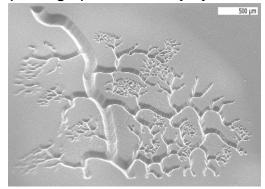
3D Bioprinting for Tissue Engineering



- Develop 3D bioprinting techniques integrating biomaterials/nanomaterials, optics, and stem cells
- Create patient-specific live tissues for repairing heart, liver, eye, and spinal cord injury.
- S. Chen NanoEngineering



3D-printed biomimetic conduits for repairing spinal cord injury



3D-printing of vascular-like hydrogel in 1 sec



Invitation to San Diego

UC San Diego Jacobs School of Engineering









www.JacobsSchool.ucsd.edu/re

Invitation to San Diego

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The TSensors Summits (www.TSensorsSummit.org) are a forum for the world's sensor visionaries to present their views on which sensor applications (TApps), sensor types and manufacturing platforms have the potential to fuel market growth to the trillions of units within a decade. Such forecasted explosion will be a continuation of consumer sensor growth from 10 million units in 2007 (iPhone introduction) to almost 10 billion devices in 2013.

Co-Chairs of TSensors Summit, San Diego:

- Albert P. Pisano, Dean of UC San Diego Jacobs School of Engineering
- Dr. Janusz Bryzek, originator and Chair of TSensors Summit movement

Register Here

Participation limited to 400 registrants. All TSensor Summits have reached full capacity, please register early.

Pricing: Early (until April 15): \$695 Standard (April 16 – October 15): \$795 Late (October 16 – November 11): \$895

Contact Bette Cooper at bcooper@tsensorssummit.org, 650-714-1570. For more information and to add your e-mail address to our distribution list please go to www.tsensorssummit.org and click on "Join Our Email List".

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Conclusion

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Thank You!

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